



Biomedicines and bioproduction



2023 OVERVIEW IN FRANCE AND EUROPE



editorial

France on the way to becoming a major player in biomedicines and biomanufacturing! "

Through France 2030 and the Health Innovation 2030 plan, the French government is investing massively to make France the most innovative and sovereign nation in Europe when it comes to healthcare. At the heart of this approach, biomedicines and biomanufacturing in advanced therapies are the focus of an acceleration strategy coordinated by the French Health Innovation Agency working with various government ministries.

This strategy mobilises all players in the sector around a number of major challenges: maintaining France's leading position by ensuring a constant flow of innovations from academic research, accelerating development projects while at the same time promoting local industrialisation, guaranteeing the quantity and quality of biomedical products at controlled costs for the healthcare system, and lastly, to actively support the industry by creating and funding dedicated organisations.

A joint commitment by France BioLead¹, France Biotech² and the French Health Innovation Agency bears witness to this vision. Mabdesign has been commissioned to carry out an in-depth study to better identify the strengths and weaknesses of the biomedical sector, provide effective support for the players involved and target the aid and action required. It explores existing biomedicines and those under development, as well as biomanufacturing capacities in France and Europe (UK, Germany, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Ireland and Switzerland).

The findings of this study, two years ahead of the launch of the Biotherapies and Biomanufacturing Acceleration Strategy, reveal that France occupies a prime position in global competition, with 584 biomedicines under development, making it Europe's second-largest pipeline, just behind the UK. What's more, the country has a comprehensive industrial biomanufacturing infrastructure, covering the entire value chain from research and development to the production of commercial batches. It is vital to continue the policy of structuring the sector in order to make it increasingly competitive and attractive internationally, and thus guarantee patient access to optimum treatments.

Summary based on Study

and characterisation of the biomedicine sector in France, a study carried out in 2023 by Mabdesign for France 2030, the French Health Innovation Agency and its acceleration strategy **Biomedicines and** Biomanufacturing in Advanced Therapies, France Biotech and France Biolead.

This study was carried out in 8 countries: France, United Kingdom, Switzerland, Portugal, Italy, Belgium, Ireland and Germany. The data used goes up to July 2023.

Lise ALTER, CEO Health Innovation Agency

Laurent Lafférrère, CEO France BioLead

Franck Mouthon, Chairman of France Biotech

What are Biotherapies?

Biomedicines,

also known as biotherapies, are derived from living organisms, unlike drugs which are chemically synthesised. These include medicines whose active substances are derived from a biological source or produced using bioproduction and bioengineering tools.

 THERAPEUTIC PROTEINS, PEPTIDES AND BIOPOLYMERS'

 VVV

 ANTIBODIES

 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

 OTHER THERAPEUTIC PROTEINS, PEPTIDES AND BIOPOLYMERS

 RECOMBINANT PROTEIN

 PROTEIN

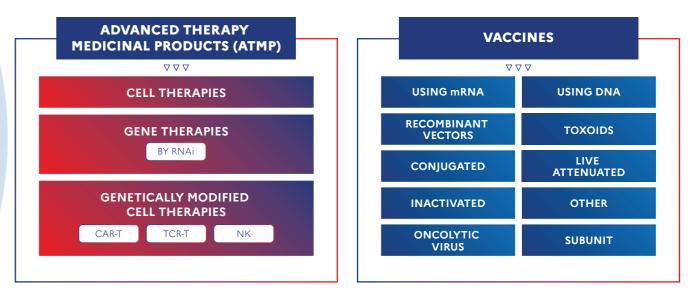
 FUSION PROTEIN

 RECOMBINANT PEPTIDE

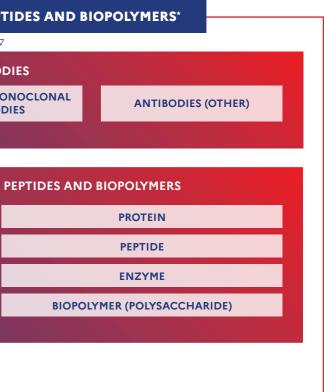
 RECOMBINANT PEPTIDE

 BIOPOLYMER (POLYSACC)

* All synthetic peptides have been excluded from the scope



In the rest of biomedicine as an active authorisatio



of this summary, a unique biomedicine is defined as the
e as an active substance, whereas a product is defined
e substance in a specific indication in a marketing
on.

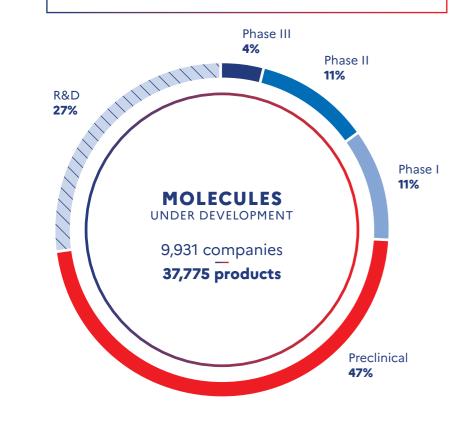
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Current situation in the biomedicines market

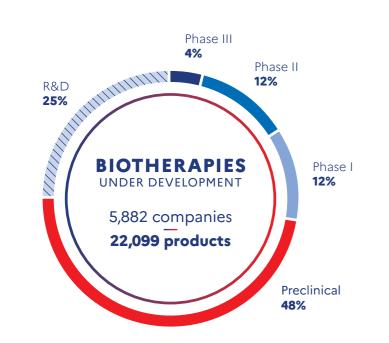
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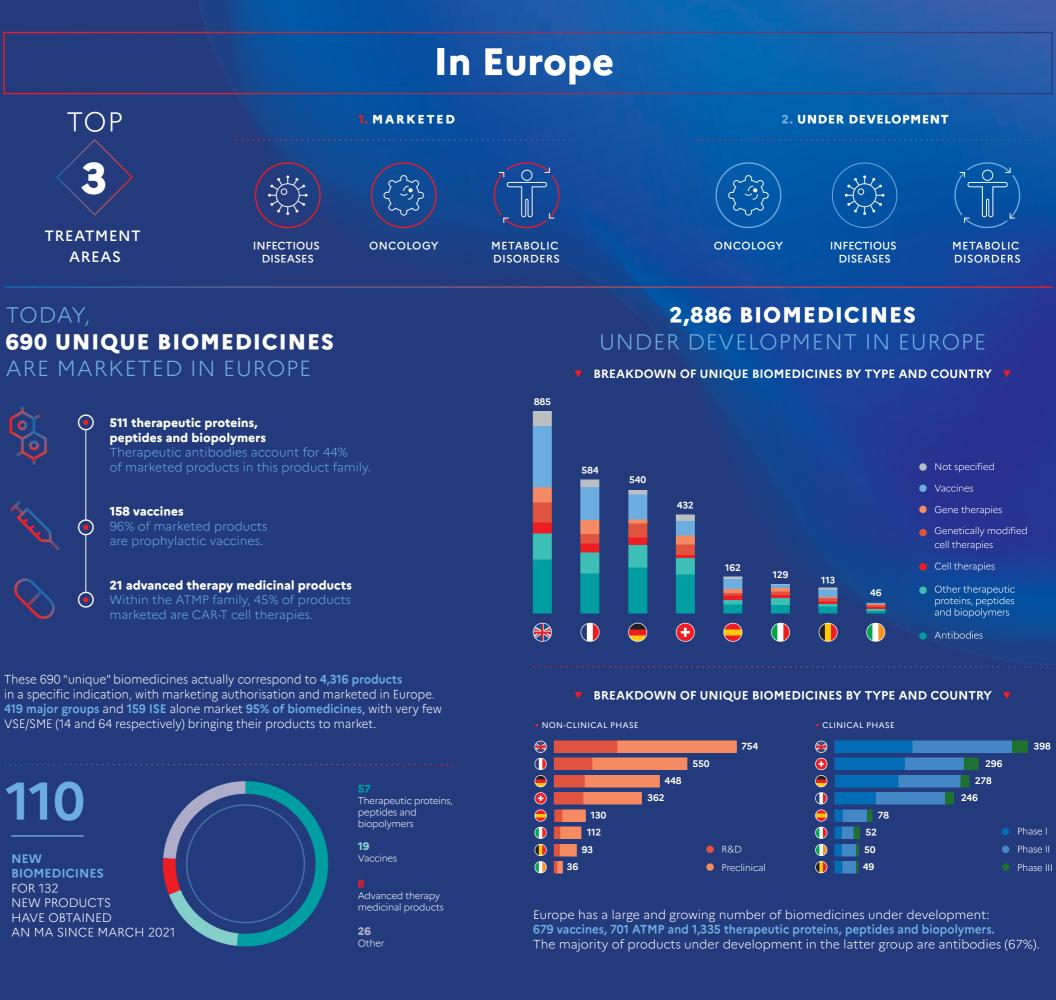
NEW

In the world



of molecules under \$ 59% % development are biomedicines



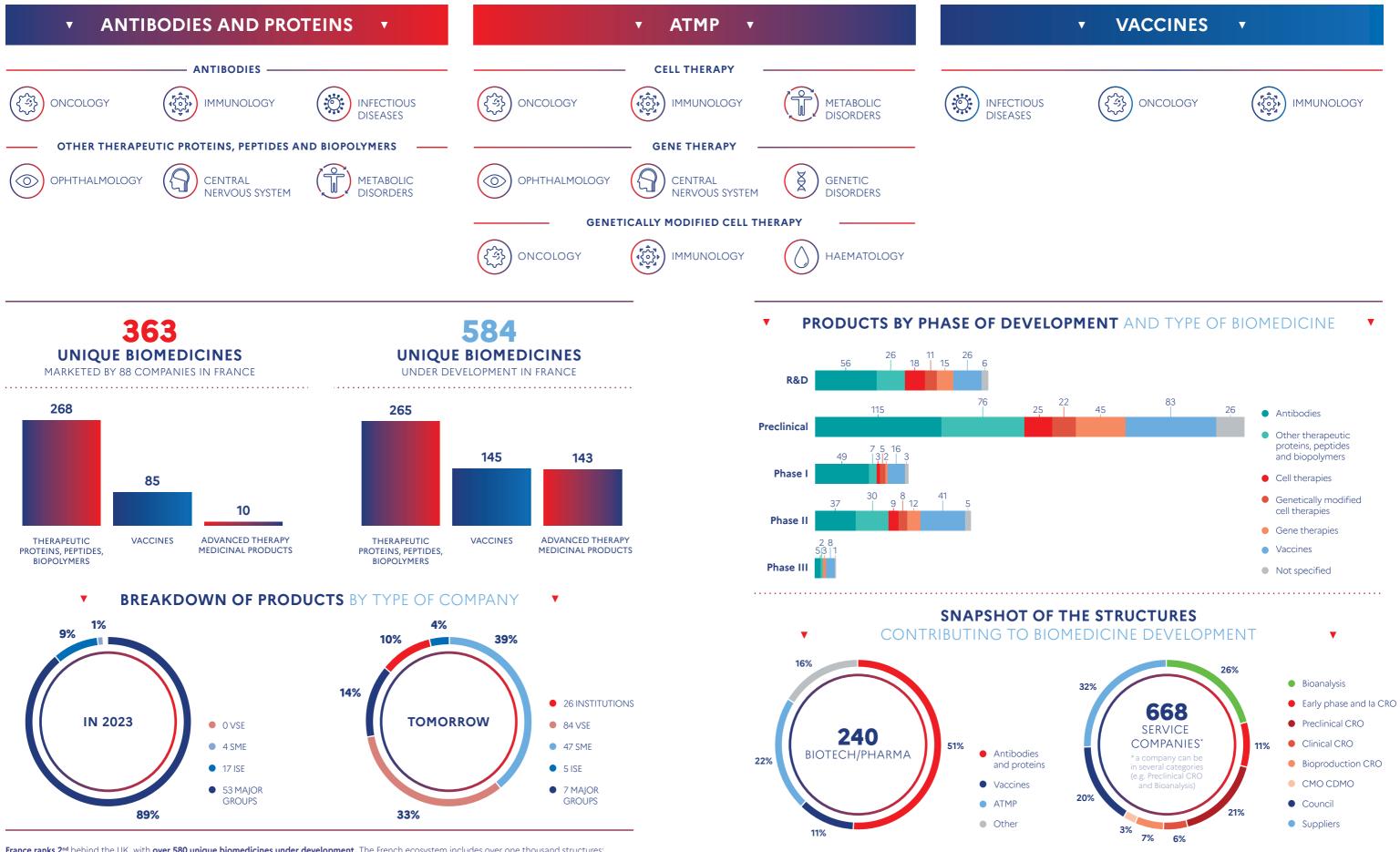








France ranks 2nd in Europe in the development of biomedicinesments



France ranks 2nd behind the UK, with over 580 unique biomedicines under development. The French ecosystem includes over one thousand structures: institutions (research institutes, universities, hospitals, foundations, local or national structures), biotechnology companies, service companies and training organisations. Two regions have historically led the way here: Ile-de-France and Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes.

70% of biomedicines under development are in the non-clinical phase, whilst 30% are in the clinical phase. France accounts for 20% of European biomedicines under development. It has the 2nd largest pipeline of products in non-clinical phase and the 4th largest pipeline of products in clinical phase. Main treatment areas: oncology, infectious diseases, immunology.



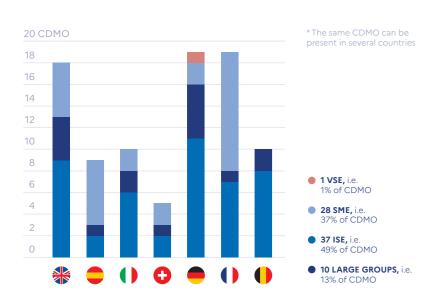


Biomanufacturing

CDMO LANDSCAPE IN EUROPE'

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The majority of CDMO in the UK, Germany and Belgium are large groups and ISE. By contrast, France is characterised by a fragmented landscape, with a majority of SME.



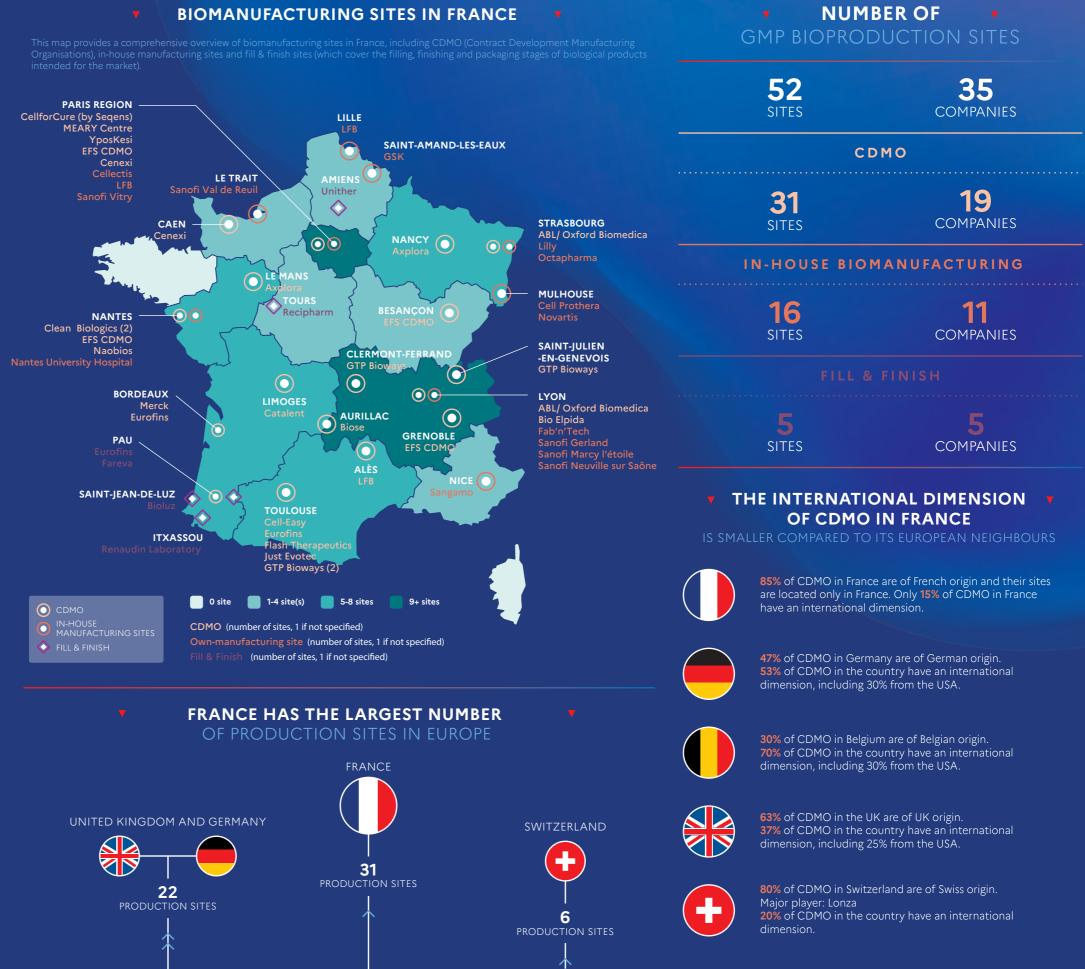
BATCH TYPES THAT CAN BE PRODUCED BY CDMO IN EUROPE

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35 sites 30 25 PC/CL/CM PC/CL CL/CM PC: Preclinical CL: Clinical 0 CM: Commercial

in Europe and France

BIOMANUFACTURING SITES IN FRANCE

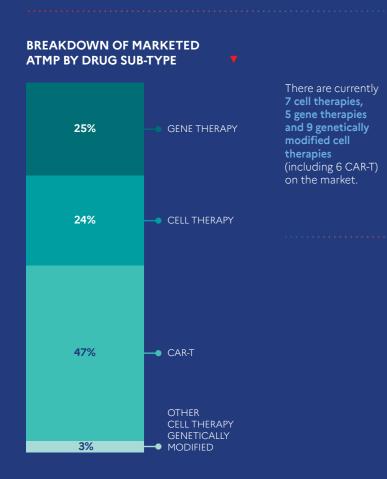




TODAY

21 UNIQUE ATMP MARKETED IN EUROPE

I.E. 87 PRODUCTS

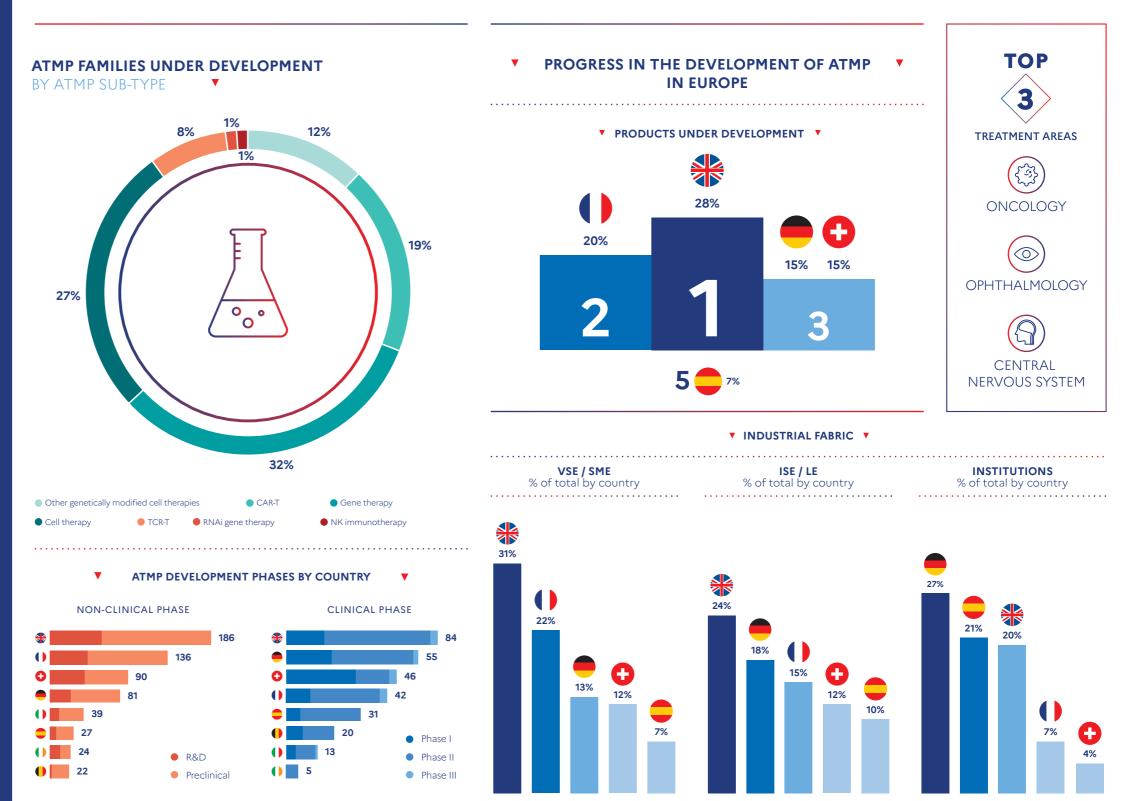


TREATMENT AREAS



Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP) in Europe

701 UNIQUE ATMP FOR 880 PRODUCTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT IN EUROPE



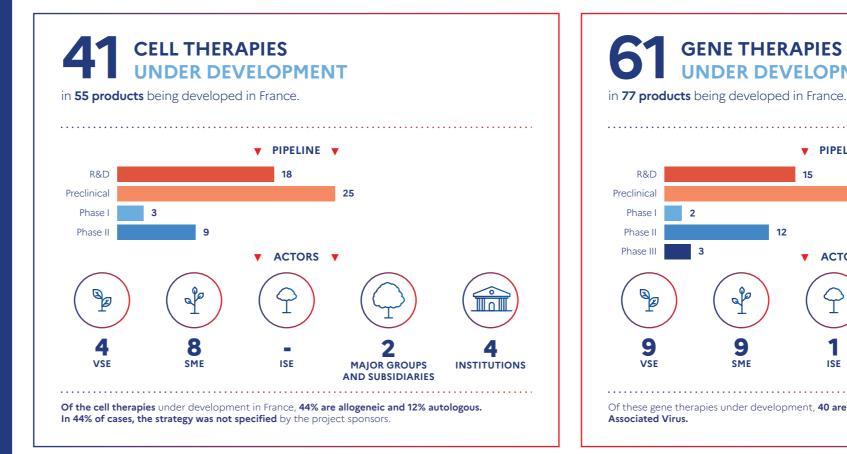
The number of ATMP under development is far higher than the number of ATMP currently available. Within this group, genetically modified cell therapies are the most promising, with CAR-T as well as CR-T and NK cells.

In Europe, each country has its own ATMP sector with specific characteristics. France's is based on its VSE/SME industrial fabric, with an ATMP pipeline that is still in a very early stage (the majority of products are in the non-clinical phase). In terms of ATMP development by VSE and SME, 31% takes place in the UK, compared with 22% in France.



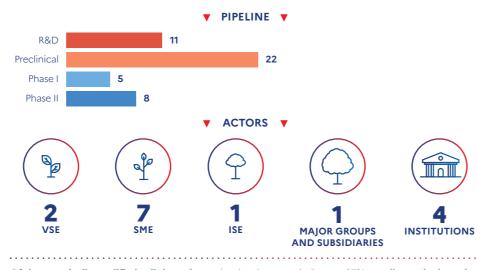


Advanced therapy medicinal products (ATMP) in France

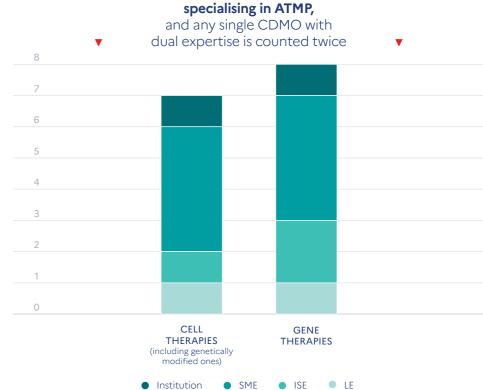


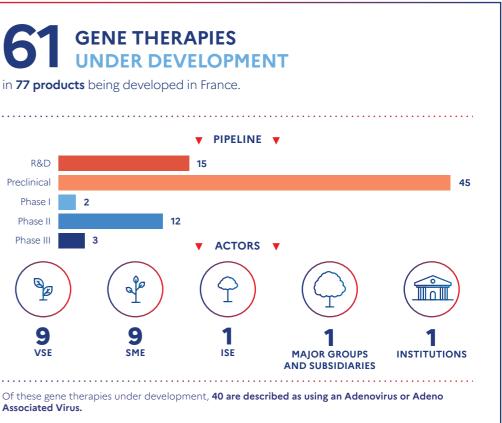


in 46 products being developed in France. Including 18 CAR-T, 5 TCR-T and 2 NK cell therapies.



Of the genetically modified cell therapies under development in France, 27% are allogeneic therapies and 22% are autologous therapies. In 51% of cases, the strategy was not specified by the project sponsors.



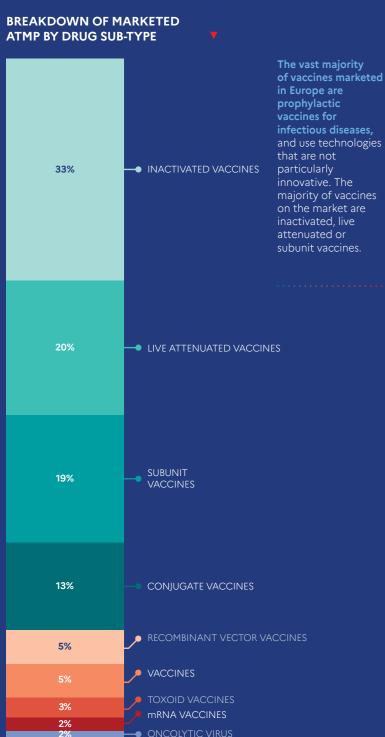


France has 11 CDMO



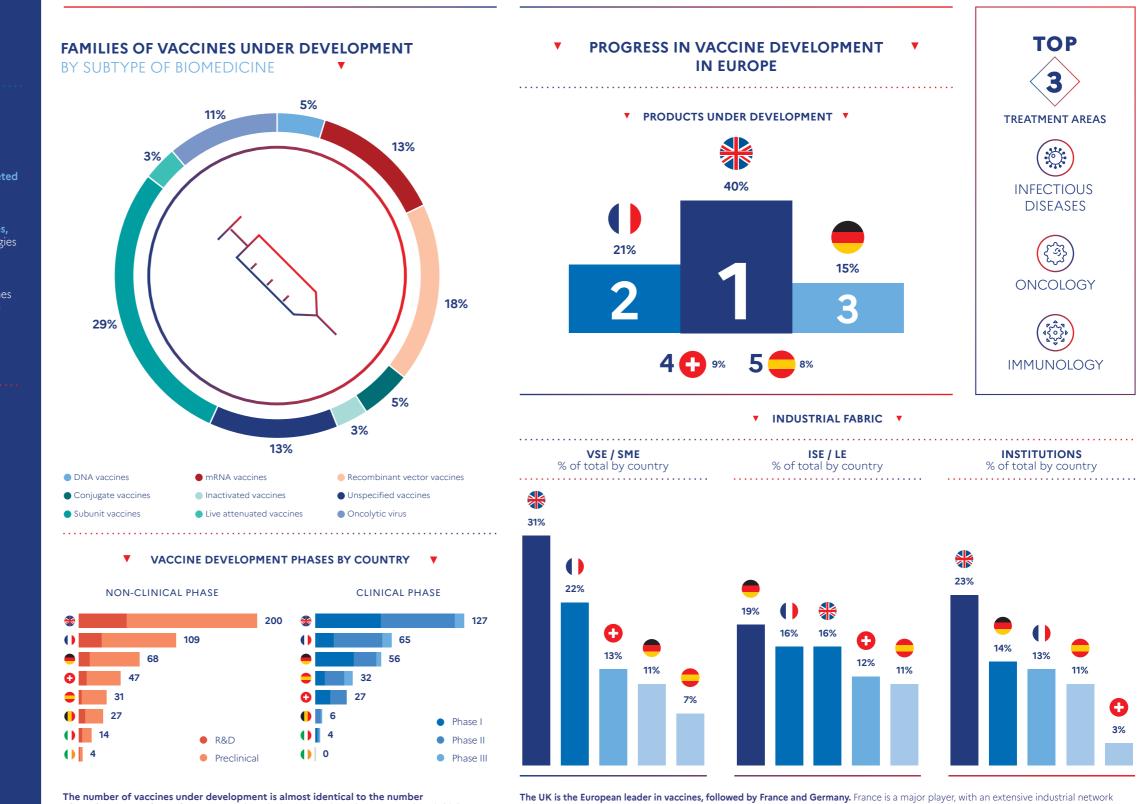
TODAY **158 UNIQUE VACCINES MARKETED IN EUROPE**

I.E. 651 PRODUCTS



Vaccines under development in Europe

679 UNIQUE VACCINES FOR 817 PRODUCTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT IN EUROPE

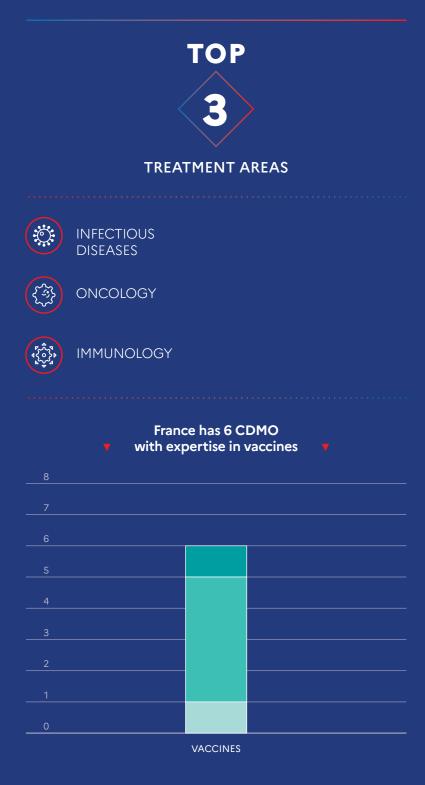


of vaccines currently on the market, although the proportion of mRNA vaccines is higher.

institutions in vaccine development. Vaccine development by VSE and SME is 31% in the UK, compared with 22% in France.

developing 21% of European vaccines. It matches the UK in terms of marketing vaccines, but is lagging behind in terms of involving its

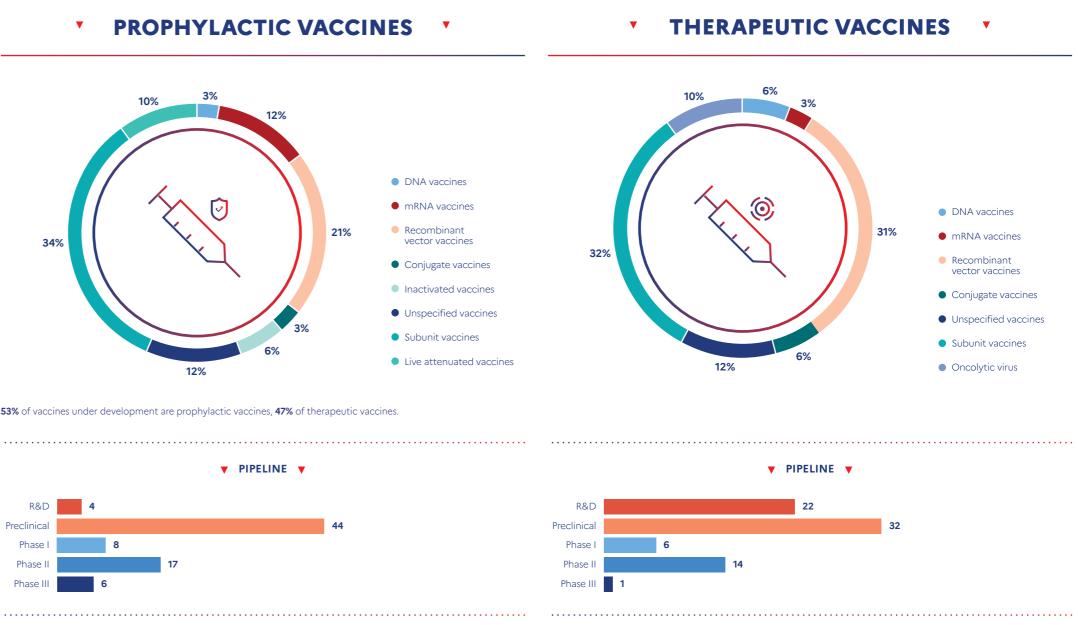




🌒 ISE 🛛 🔍 LE SMF

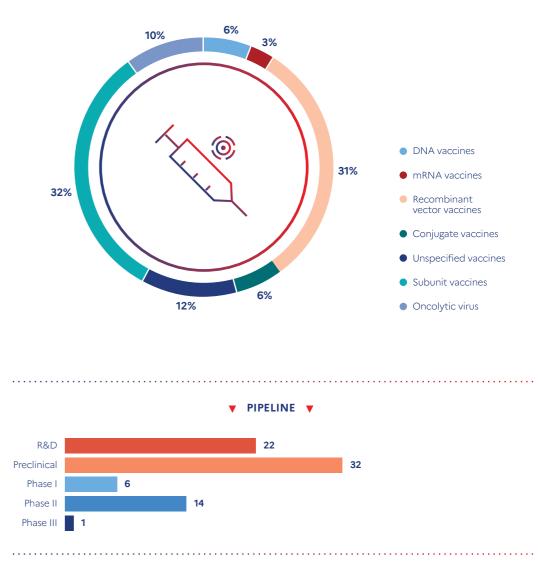
Vaccines under development in France

145 VACCINES IN 174 PRODUCTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT IN FRANCE



53% of vaccines under development are prophylactic vaccines, 47% of therapeutic vaccines.





Historically, France has focused heavily on the prophylaxis of infectious diseases and is well positioned in this market.



The momentum generated by COVID-19 continues, thanks to new technologies.

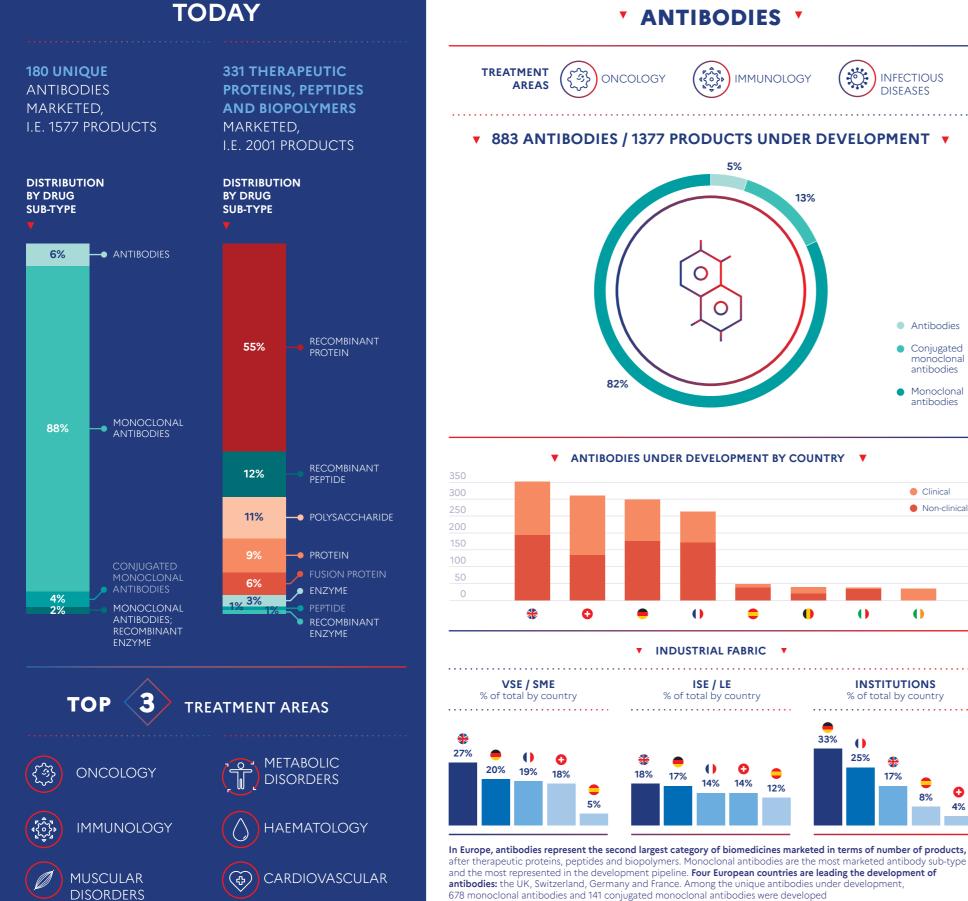


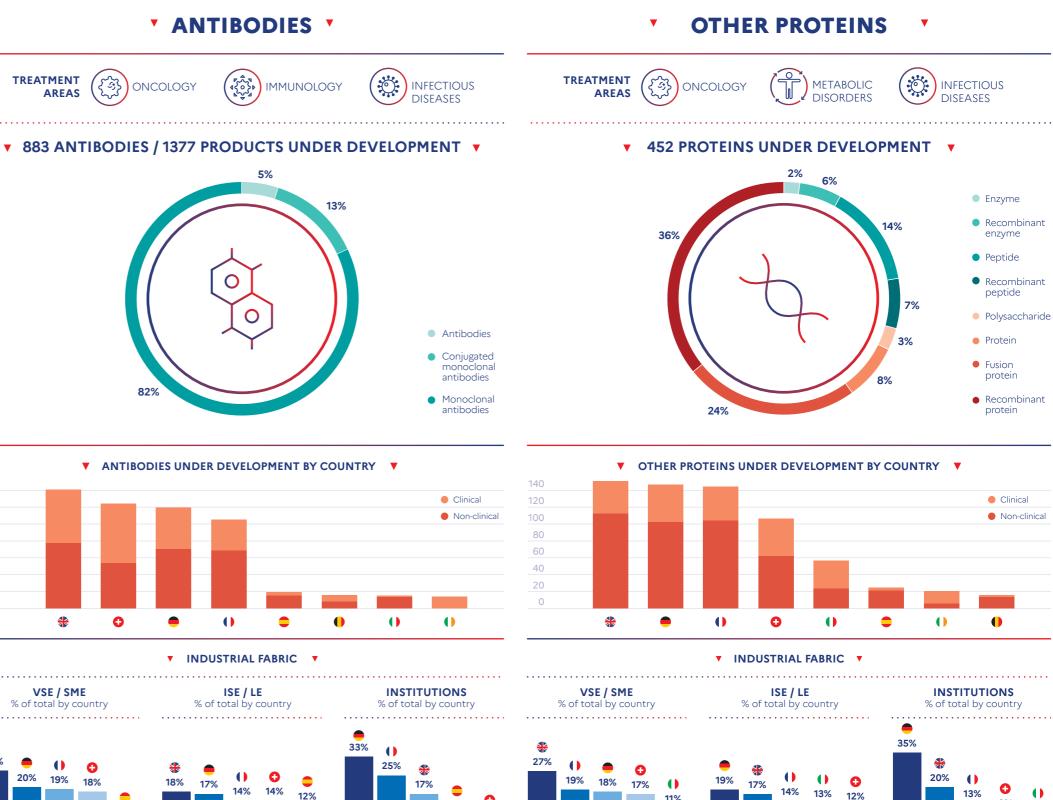






Antibodies and other proteins in Europe





0

4%

8%

649 therapeutic products are under development, i.e. 452 unique therapeutic proteins, peptides and biopolymers. The majority of products marketed are recombinant proteins, whilst they account for 36% of products under development, followed by fusion proteins. The UK, Germany and France are leading the way in Europe in the latter.

9%

7%

11%



France has a total of 8 CDMO with expertise in antibodies,

conjugated antibodies

and other proteins.

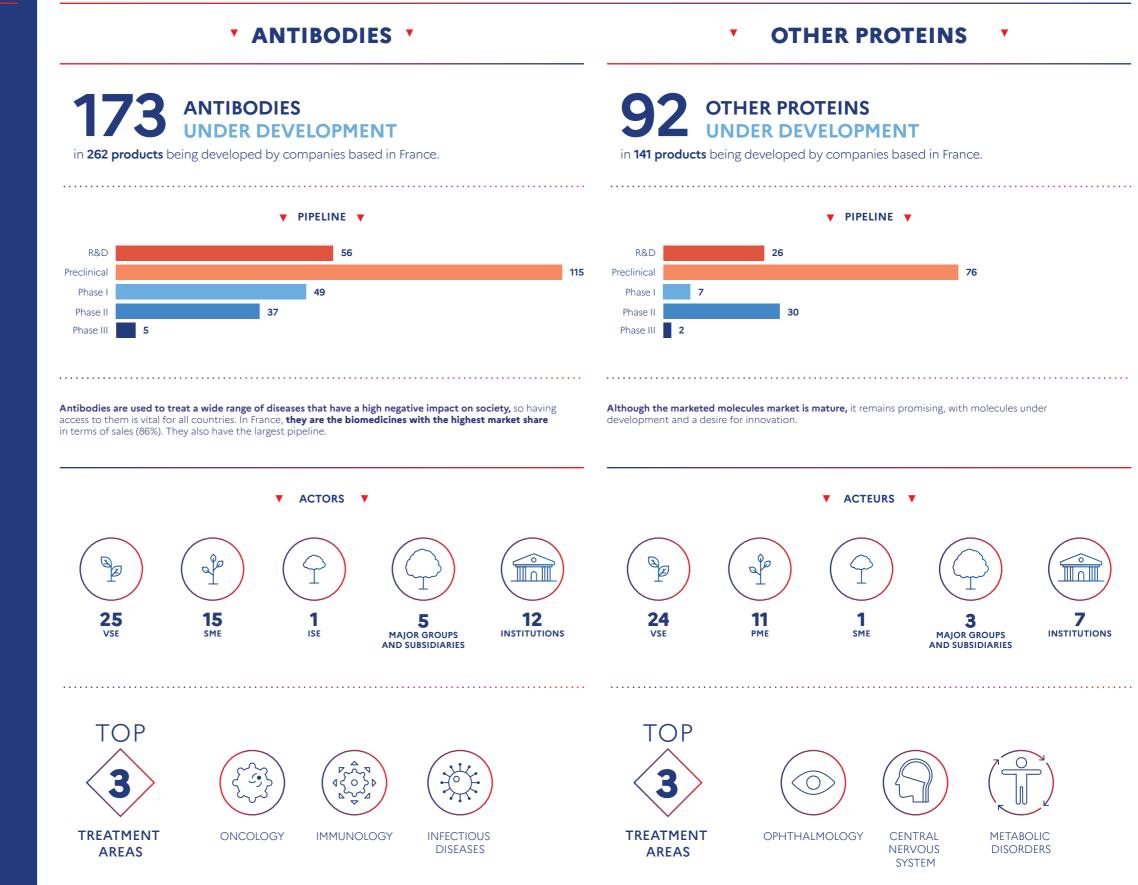
The same CDMO can have several areas of expertise.



GOOD TO KNOW

*The "antibody" biomedicine sub-type is a default sub-category. This sub-type groups together antibodies that are neither monoclonal antibodies nor conjugated monoclonal antibodies. For marketed products, this biomedicine sub-type includes polyclonal antibodies. For products under development, this biomedicine sub-type includes polyclonal antibodies and antibodies whose specificities have not yet been made public

Antibodies and other proteins in France



AGENCE DE L'INNOVATION EN SANTÉ

Vous êtes porteur d'un projet innovant, présentez le nous sur www.innovation-sante.fr/projet

Contact Presse : florence.gaudin@pm.gouv.fr

Site : www.gouvernement.fr/agence-innovation-sante

FRANCE BIOLEAD

Contact : Caroline Bernard, responsable Communication et Marketing **c.bernard@france-biolead.fr**

Site : www.france-biolead.fr

FRANCE BIOTECH

Contact : Chloé Evans, adjointe au Directeur Général **chloe.evans@france-biotech.org**

Site : www.france-biotech.fr